### **Intelligent Analog IA171**

# Low voltage video driver

#### **Features**

Low voltage operation 2.8V~5.5V

Low stand-by current (<1uA) at power save

Transparent internal clamp

AC or DC-coupled output

Built-in high performance 4 stages Low Pass Filter (-40dB at 27MHz)

Dual video load drive (75 ohm x 2)

SAG correction reduce output capacitance

RoHS compliant Pb-free SOT-26 package

### **Applications**

DVD player

Security camera

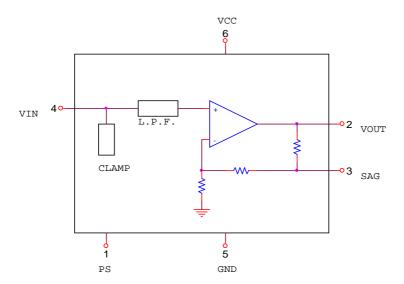
Set-top box

Portable media player

Communication device

Digital still camera

# **Block Diagram**



#### **Description**

IA171 is a high performance, low voltage, and low power consumption video driver with a built-in low pass filter. The internal transparent clamp circuit can restore composite video signal to fixed DC level. IA 171 incorporates a high performance 4 stages Low Pass Filter that is ideal for removing DAC sampling noise. Only small ceramic capacitor (0.1uF typical) is required for AC-coupled input. The output can be configured as AC or DC-coupled output. With AC-coupled, sag correction can reduce output coupling capacitance. With DC-coupled, it can eliminate large output coupling capacitors and save board space. It's low voltage and low power consumption is suitable for portable device. Ultra-low current consumption during power save to under 1uA. IA 171 can also be configured as bias inputs video driver when bias video signals are needed.

#### **Absolute Maximum Rating**

Supply Voltage	10V
Continuous Output Current (One Channel)	45mA
Power Dissipation	200mW
Operating Temperature	-40°C ~+85°C
Storage Temperature	-65°C ~+125°C

#### **Electrical Specifications** VCC=+3.0V, Ta=25°C, RL=150 ohm, CL=0.1uF

DESCRIPTION	PARAMETER	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
ISB	Standby Current at VCC=+3.0V		6	10	mA
Vol	Output Level Shift Voltage		300	450	mV
VCLAMP	Input Clamp Voltage 1.1 1.2		1.25	1.40	V
Gv	Voltage Gain	5.7	6.0	6.3	dB
IPS	Power Save Current		0.1	1	uA
VPSH	Power Save High voltage	2.0			V
VPSL	Power Save Low voltage			0.5	V
AC PERFORMA	NCE				
BW1	+/- 1dB Bandwidth, RL=150 ohm,	6.75			MHZ
	CL=5pF				
BW2	Frequency Response at 27MHz		-40	-27	dB
dG	Differential Gain		0.5	1.0	%
dP	Differential Phase		0.5	1.0	0

dG DC	Differential Gain DC-coupled 0.2 0.5				%
dP DC	Differential Phase DC-coupled		0.2	0.5	0
+SR	Positive Slew Rate, V in =1V step 20 40		40	60	V/uS
-SR	Negative Slew Rate, V in =1V step	15	30	45	V/uS
SNR	Signal to Noise Ratio		+70		dB
DR	Output Dynamic Range	2.2	2.4		V
Td1	Group Delay at 100KHz		50	80	nS
Td2	To 3.58MHz		4	10	nS
	To 4.43MHz		6	10	nS
	То 6МНz		12	18	nS

# **Pin Description**

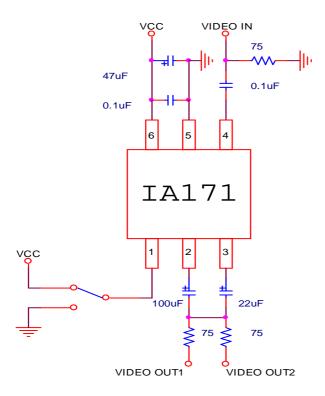
Pin No.	Pin Type	Pin Function
1	Input	Power save input
2	Output	Video output
3	Input	Sag correction input
4	Input	Video signal input
5	-	GND
6	-	VCC

# **Power Save Control Pin Function**

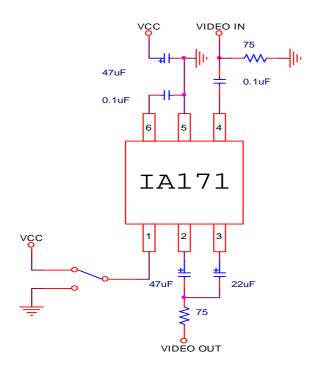
	Power Save
Н	OFF
L	ON
OPEN	ON

# **Typical Applications**

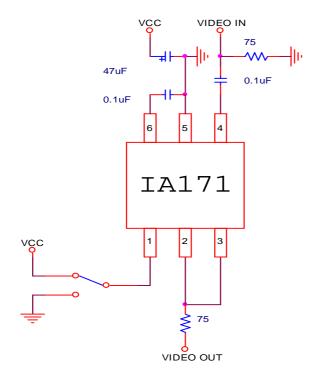
Application 1: Composite video input at VCC=2.8V~5.5V, with input and output capacitors and driving two 75 ohm loads



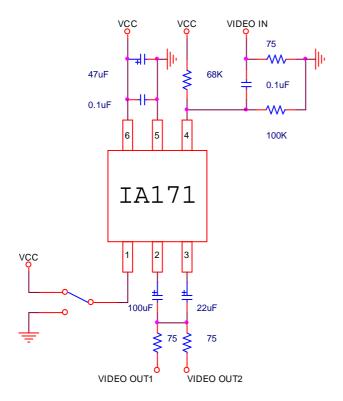
Application 2: Composite video input at VCC=2.8V~5.5V, with input and output capacitors and driving one 75 ohm load



Application 3: With input capacitor but without output capacitors at VCC= 2.8V~3.3V and driving one 75 ohm load



Application 4: Bias video input at VCC=2.8V~5.5V, with input and output capacitors and driving two 75 ohm loads



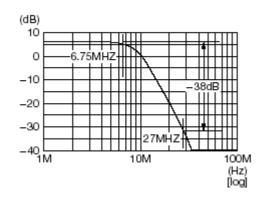
# **Compatible device**

The IA171 is compatible with other brand video drivers

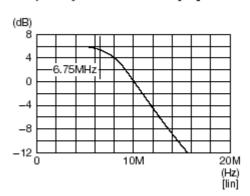
Company	JRC	Mitsumi	Intelligent Analog
Device name	NJM2561,	MM1671	IA171
	NJM2575		

# **Performance Curve**

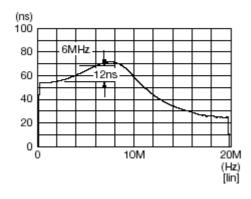
# Frequency Characteristic [log]



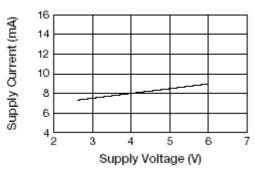
# Frequency Characteristic [lin]



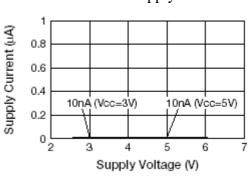
### Group Delay [lin]



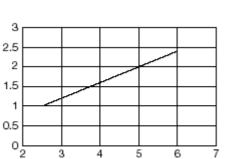
Supply Current vs Supply voltage



Power Save Supply Current

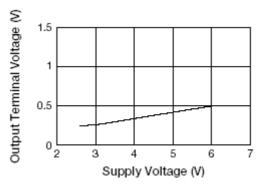


Input Voltage vs Supply Voltage



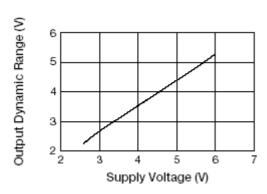
Supply Voltage (V)

Output Voltage vs Supply Voltage

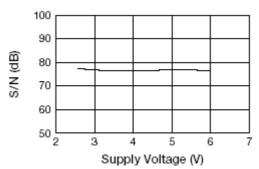


Output Dynamic Range

Input Terminal Voltage (V)



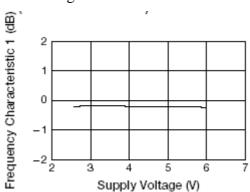
S/N vs Supply Voltage



### Voltage Gain vs Supply Voltage

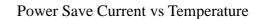
# 

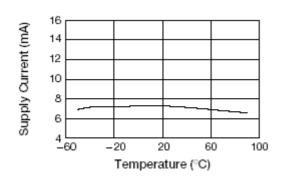
# 6.75M~100K Frequency vs Supply Voltage

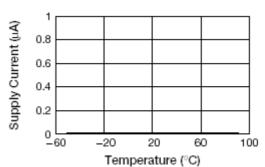


Supply Current vs Temperature

Supply Voltage (V)







Input Voltage vs Temperature

Output Voltage vs Temperature

